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## Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

Africa—Sierra Leone.—Two weeks ended June 20, 1902. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 28. No contagious diseases.

AUSTRALIA—New South Wales—New Castle.—Month of April, 1902. Estimated population, 70,000. Total number of deaths, 76, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 1, and 1 from whooping cough.

Month of May, 1902. Total number of deaths, 73, including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 2, and 4 from measles.

Queensland—Brisbane.—Month of January, 1902. Estimated population, 119,907. Total number of deaths, 92, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 3, and 2 from whooping cough.

Month of February, 1902. Total number of deaths, 63, including enteric fever, 3; whooping cough, 2, and 3 from plague.

Month of March, 1902. Total number of deaths, 76, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 1, and 5 from plague.

BAHAMAS—Dunmore Town.—Two weeks ended July 18, 1902. Estimated population, 1,232. One death. No contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor—Three weeks ended July 19, 1902. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended July 16, 1902. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended July 21, 1902. Estimated population, 12,535. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

CHINA—Amoy.—Two weeks ended June 14, 1902. Estimated population, 250,000. Number of deaths not reported. Cholera present.

France—Rouen.—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 116,316. Total number of deaths, 251, including diphtheria, 2; enterior fever, 5; whooping cough, 1; smallpox, 1, and 58 from tuberculosis.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended June 30, 1902. Estimated population, 146,559. Total number of deaths, 117, including diphtheria, 2; measles, 2; whooping cough, 2, and 18 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY—Weimar.—Month of June, 1902. Estimated population, 29,116. Total number of deaths, 26, including 1 from diphtheria.

GIBRALTAR.—Two weeks ended July 6, 1902. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths, 19, including 1 from measles.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended July 5, 1902, correspond to an annual rate of 15.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 14,862,456.

London.—One thousand three hundred and twenty-five deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 35; scarlet fever, 13; diphtheria, 16; whooping cough, 47; enteric fever, 15; smallpox, 13, and diarrhea and dysentery, 22. The deaths from all causes correspond

to an annual rate of 15.1 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,777 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 5 from diphtheria, 6 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, 5 from smallpox, and 4 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended July 5, 1902, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 21.0 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,092,322. The lowest rate was recorded in Newry, viz, 4.1, and the highest in Wexford, viz, 46.7 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 149 deaths were registered, including enteric fever, 2; measles, 6; scarlet fever, 1, and 30 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended July 5, 1902, correspond to an annual rate of 16.3 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,679,923. The lowest mortality was recorded in Perth, viz, 7.8, and the highest in Dundee, viz, 18.0 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 528, including diphtheria, 5; measles, 13; scarlet fever, 5, and 16 from whooping cough.

ITALY—Genoa.—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 221,-774. Total number of deaths, 362, including diphtheria, 12; enteric fever, 2; measles, 15; scarlet fever, 9, and 50 from tuberculosis.

Milan.—Month of May, 1902. Estimated population, 501,643. Total number of deaths, 873, including diphtheria, 9; enteric fever, 9; measles, 12, smallpox 2, and 56 from tuberculosis.

JAMAICA—Port Antonio.—Week ended June 21, 1902. Estimated population not reported. Two deaths. No contagious diseases.

Week ended July 12, 1902. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

JAPAN—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended June 30, 1902. Estimated population, 131,700. Number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

SPAIN—Cadiz.—Month of June, 1902. Estimated population, 70,177. Total number of deaths, 197, including enteric fever, 4; measles, 1, and 16 from tuberculosis.

WEST INDIES—St. Thomas.—Three months ended June 30, 1902. Estimated population, 11,012. Total number of deaths, 100, including 5 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Two weeks ended July 11, 1902. Total number of deaths, 12. No deaths from contagious diseases.